HIV/AIDS Profile: Bolivia

Demographic Indicators

Population (1,000s)	8,153	Growth Rate (%)	1.8
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000)		Life Expectancy	
Both Sexes	60	Both Sexes	64
Male	64	Male	61
Female	56	Female	66
Crude Birth Rate (per 1,000)	28	Crude Death Rate (per 1,000)	8
Percent Urban	62	Total Fertility Rate	3.7
Note: Above indicators are for 2000.	."		

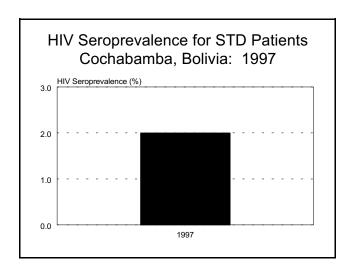
Estimated % of adults living with HIV	· ·		
Cumulative AIDS rate (per 1,000) as of 3/31/98		0.02	
Cumulative AIDS cases as of 3/31/98		179	

Epidemiological Data

Epidemic State: Low

There is very little information on the HIV epidemic in Bolivia. In 1997, 2 percent of STD patients tested in Cochabamba were infected.

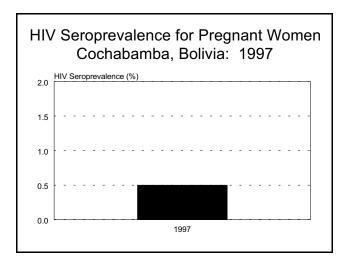
 HIV seroprevalence among patients attending a STD clinic in Cochabamba was 2 percent in 1997.
Note that there was no evidence of infection among 230 sex workers tested in Cochabamba in the same year.



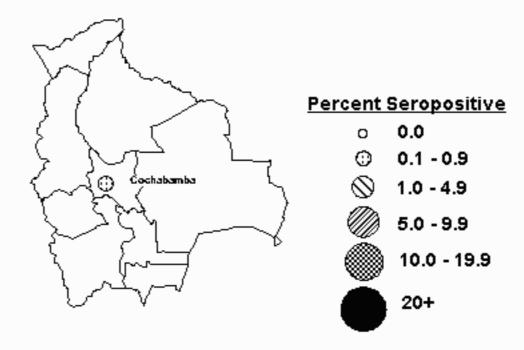
Source: International Programs Center, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Data Base, June 2000.

Bolivia

• HIV seroprevalence among pregnant women attending a prenatal care clinic in Cochabamba was one-half of 1 percent in 1997.

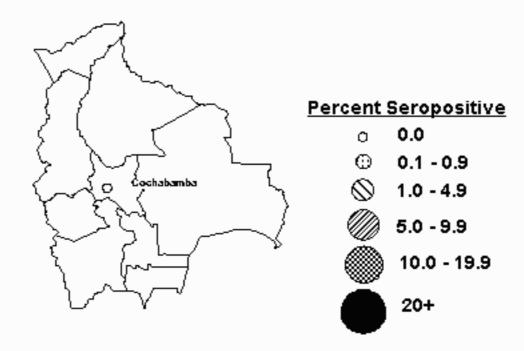


Seroprevalence of HIV-1 for Pregnant Women Bolivia: 1997



U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, International Programs Center, Country Profile, September 2000.

Seroprevalence of HIV-1 for Sex Workers Bolivia: 1997



U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, International Programs Center, Country Profile, September 2000.

Sources for Bolivia

Z0075 Zegarra, L., J. Flores, M. Bachelet, et al., 1998, Prevalence of HIV among Different Risk Groups in Cochabamba, Bolivia, 12th World AIDS Conference, Geneva, 6/28 - 7/3, Abstract 13166.